

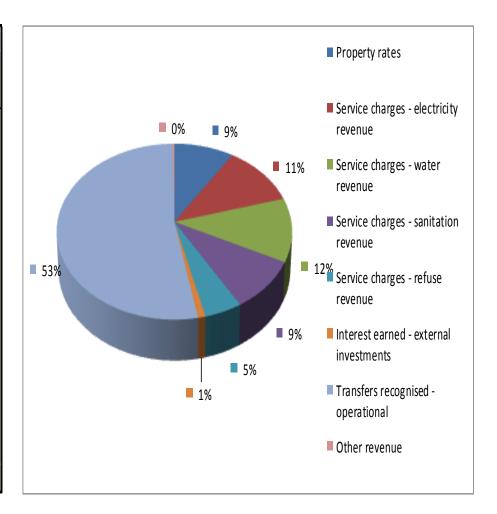
MASILONYANA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

PRESENTATION TO THE NCOP SELECT COMMITTEES ON FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS 8 September 2011



1. Development and Implementation of Budget Planned Revenue vs Actual Collected by Source

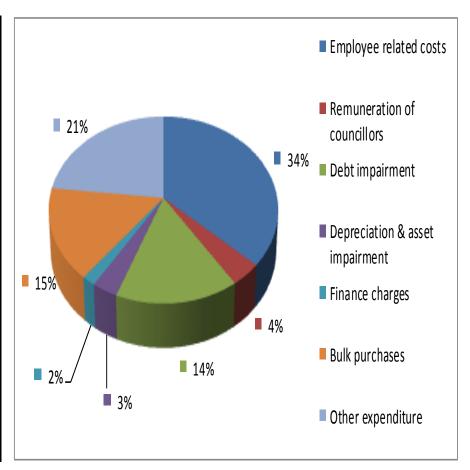
Description	Financial Year 2010/11		
R thousand	Original	Adjusted	Pre-audit
K ulousallu	Budget	Budget	outcome
Revenue By Source			
Property rates	14 556	13 240	14 035
Service charges - electricity revenue	26 633	19 502	17 693
Service charges - water revenue	14 375	14 324	18 022
Service charges - sanitation revenue	14 759	15 032	14 233
Service charges - refuse revenue	7 810	7 795	7 186
Service charges - other	392	(1 089)	4
Rental of facilities and equipment	189	155	130
Interest earned	3 018	3 024	1 423
Dividends received	26	26	2
Fines	100	81	49
Transfers recognised - operational	69 939	80 939	81 024
Other revenue	205	130	497
Total Operating Revenue	152 003	153 160	154 298





1. Development and Implementation of Budget Planned Expenditure vs Actual by Item

Description	Financial Year 2010/11		
R thousand	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Pre-audit outcome
Expenditure By Type			
Employee related costs	41 588	41 788	45 190
Remuneration of councillors	4 544	4 544	4 804
Debt impairment	34 115	37 528	19 031
Depreciation & asset impairment	400	400	3 944
Finance charges	1 006	1 006	2 114
Bulk purchases	22 098	19 300	19 533
Free Basic Services & Indigents	12 400	12 400	10 694
Other expenditure	31 434	36 030	28 735
Total Expenditure	147 584	152 995	134 046





1. Development and Implementation of Budget Growth in Revenue Budget – 2011/12

2% Growth in Revenue mainly due to a 29% increase in electricity tariffs, and an 8% reduction in operating grants.

Description	Financial Y	ear 2010/11	Budget	Growth
R thousand	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Budget Year 2011/12	%
Revenue By Source				
Property rates	14 556	13 240	14 455	9%
Service charges - electricity revenue	26 633	19 502	25 150	29%
Service charges - water revenue	14 375	14 324	15 021	5%
Service charges - sanitation revenue	14 759	15 032	15 783	5%
Service charges - refuse revenue	7 810	7 795	8 184	5%
Service charges - other	392	(1 089)	(855)	-21%
Rental of facilities and equipment	189	155	174	13%
Interest earned - external investments	21	27	50	87%
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	2 998	2 998	3 096	3%
Dividends received	26	26	11	-58%
Fines	100	81	67	-17%
Transfers recognised - operational	69 939	80 939	74 392	-8%
Other revenue	205	130	53	-60%
Total Operating Revenue	152 003	153 160	155 580	2%



1. Development and Implementation of Budget Growth in Expenditure Budget – 2011/12

1% Growth in Expenditure Budget includes an 8% increase in salaries and a 22% increase in bulk purchases (electricity), offset mainly by a reduction in debt impairment (bad debt provision) of 16%.

Description	Financial Year 2010/11		Budget G	rowth
R thousand	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Budget Year 2011/12	%
Expenditure By Type				
Employee related costs	41 588	41 788	44 924	8%
Remuneration of councillors	4 544	4 544	4 835	6%
Debt impairment	34 115	37 528	31 437	-16%
Depreciation & asset impairment	400	400	3 100	675%
Finance charges	1 006	1 006	514	-49%
Bulk purchases	22 098	19 300	23 575	22%
Contracted services	_	400	500	25%
Transfers and grants	_	12 400	10 649	-14%
Other expenditure	43 834	35 630	35 521	0%
Total Expenditure	147 584	152 995	155 054	1%



1. Development and Implementation of Budget Capital and Operating Budget Comparison by Source

The municipality is highly dependent on grants for both operating (±50%) and capital (±90%) funding requirements.

Description	Financial Y	ear 2010/11	2011/12 Me	edium Term F	Revenue &
R thousand	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Budget Year 2011/12	Budget Year +1 2012/13	Budget Year +2 2013/14
Operating Budget by Source					
Property rates	14 556	13 240	14 455	15 222	16 059
Service charges	63 969	55 564	63 282	71 094	80 138
Investment revenue	21	27	50	52	55
Transfers recognised - operational	69 939	80 939	74 392	82 280	87 542
Other own revenue	3 518	3 390	3 401	3 581	3 778
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	152 003	153 160	155 580	172 229	187 572
Capital Budget by Source					
Transfers recognised - capital	33 211	25 211	30 322	36 868	38 896
Internally generated funds	3 850	3 850	3 820	_	-
Total sources of capital funds	37 061	29 061	34 142	36 868	38 896
Operational Grants Dependency	46%	53%	48%	48%	47%
Capital Grants Dependency	90%	87%	89%	100%	100%



1. Development and Implementation of Budget Operating Ratio's

Revenue Collection – 52%

- ➤ Revenue collection is steadily increasing from 45% in 2009/10 to current levels of approximately 52% in 2010/11.
- Recent strike had a significant influence on payment levels!!
- ➤ The municipality is aiming to increase revenue collection to 70% in the 2011/12 financial year.

Salaries – 29% of the operating budget

Critical vacancies still need to be filled.

Repairs & Maintenance – 5% of the operating budget

- Repairs and maintenance is too low and must be increased to at least 10% of the operating budget.
- Infrastructure in major towns has all but reached the end of its lifespan, and will have to be replaced to avoid a complete collapse.



2. Compliance with the MFMA

a) Supply Chain Management:-

- There is no supply chain management unit that can give effect to policy compliance due to financial constraints;
- Bid committees None.
- **b) Budget and Treasury Office** No budget office, and the treasury office is not fully complimented due to financial constraints.
- c) 2009/10 and 2010/11 AFS was submitted on time. Major constraints in 2010/11 due to industrial action/ intimidation.
- d) Section 71 Reports are submitted on time.
- e) Internal audit unit and audit committees not yet established.
- f) Status of the annual reports 2010 fin year completed. 2011 fin year in progress.



3. Performance of Conditional Grants DORA Allocations

100% Spending of conditional grant funds transferred to the amount of R41 mil, plus spending of roll-overs to the amount of R7,7 mil.

Grant Description	DORA	Transferred	Expenditure
MIG - Municipal Infrastructure	25 211	25 211	100%
FMG - Financial Management	3 000	3 000	100%
MSIG - Municipal Systems Improvement	750	750	100%
COGTA Free State - Relief	12 085	12 085	100%
TOTAL	41 046	41 046	100%



3. Performance of Conditional Grants Achievements

MSIG (Municipal Systems Improvement Grant) –

- Public participation
- Development and implementation of some policies
- Addressing water quality issues
- Addressing Auditor General's management letter reports
- Upgrading of water treatment plant

FMG (Financial Management Grant) –

- Appointment of interns
- Implementation of the new financial management system
- Accounts data purification
- Compilation of GRAP compliant AFS
- Staff development / training



3. Performance of Conditional Grants Achievements

MIG (Municipal Infrastructure Grant) –

- Bucket Eradication Phase 2 (445 Units) Masilo/Theunissen
- Bucket Eradication Project (Phase 3) Verkeerdevlei/Tshepong
- Bucket Eradication Project (1 267 Units) Masilo/Theunissen (Labour)
- Bucket Eradication Project (2 265 Units) Masilo/Theunissen
- Bucket Eradication(1 261 Units) Makeleketla/Winburg
- Bucket Eradication (400 Units) Ikgomotseng/Soutpan
- Bucket Eradication: Construction of a 1.2km Trunk Sewer Line -(Theunissen/Masilo)
- Construction of Access Road Project Verkeerdevlei/Tshepong
- Construction of Community Hall and Sports Complex -Soutpan/Ikgomotseng
- Provision of Basic Services Majwemasweu-Ext 4
- Refurbishment of Pumpstation 1 and 2 Winburg



3. Performance of Conditional Grants Achievements

MIG (continued) -

- Upgrading of 2.5km Road with Stormwater Appurtenant Works -Ikgomotseng/Soutpan
- Upgrading of 4km Bus Route from Gravel to a Surfaced Road -Masilo/Theunissen
- Upgrading of Sewer Ponds, Effluent Disposal System and Sewer Collector Mains - Ikgomotseng/Soutpan
- Upgrading of Storm Water Drainage Infrastructure Majwemasweu
- Upgrading of Storm Water Drainage Infrastructure Makeleketla
- Upgrading of Streets from Gravel to a Surfaced Road Theunissen/Masilo
- Upgrading of the Water Reticulation Network and Isolation Valves(Boitemelo) - Winburg/Makeleketla
- Upgrading of Water Meters Masilonyana
- Upgrading of Water Purification Plant Brandfort/ Majwemasweu
- Upgrading of Water Purification Plant Soutpan/Ikgomotseng
- Upgrading of Water Reticulation Network(Asbestos) Winburg/Makeleketla



4. IGR – Intergovernmental and Other Relations Commitments

The Free State Provincial Government Sector Departments have approved a number of projects for the 2011/2012 financial year. These projects cover key provincial functions such as police, roads and transport, education and health.

Sector Department	Projects/Service Description
Police, Roads and Transport	i) Extension of ZR Mahabane (formerly R30) road between Glen and Virginia
	ii) Construction of Access roads in Masilo, Ikgomotseng (Soutpan) R10
	million = R5million each and Tshepong Verkeerdevlei)
	iii) Soutpan – Bultfontein – Wesselsbron – Hoopstad_REH = R10million
	iv) Construction of Access road in Winburg/Makeleketla
Cogta – FS – MIG	Construction of a Community Hall in Ikgomotseng (Soutpan)
Department of Public	i) Fleet Management
(Government Garage) Works	ii) Renovation of dilapidated Ipeleng Community Hall at Majoemasweu /
and Rural Development /	Brandfort
Premier's office	iii) Construction of the foot bridge (N.B. this project has been in the IDP for
	the past 10 years) in Boipatong and Masakeng –Makeleketla / Winburg
Health	i) Provision of ambulances and HIV / AIDS outreach programs
	ii) Winburg Clinic – Medical Equipment = R500,000
	iii) Majwemasweu clinic – Medical Equipment = R500,000



4. IGR – Intergovernmental and Other Relations Commitments

Sector Department	Projects/Service Description
COGTA & Human Settlements	i) Provision of R1 million grant to enlist CFO support
	ii) Renovation of Ipeleng Community Hall at Majwemasweu – Brandfort iii) R30million MIG
	iv) 300 subsidies towards centenary celebrations (Brandfort & Winburg)
	v) Multi-purpose centre (Masilo) R10 million
	vi) Street and storm-water drainage system (Makeleketla & Masilo) = R22
	million
	vii) Water and sanitation, household connections (VV – Tshepong,
	Ikgomotseng and Masilo (Tshepong) = R18 million
Department of the Premier	Funded brick making project at Tshepong / Verkeerdevlei to the value of R1.2 million
Development Bank of Southern	Provided technical and financial experts as well as young professionals in both
Africa (DBSA)	fields
Department of Social	Funded two Bakery projects in Tshepong / Verkeerdevlei and Makeleketla /
Development	Winburg to the value of R600,000 (R300,000 per project)



4. IGR – Intergovernmental and Other Relations Commitments

Sector Department	Projects/Service Description
Public Private Partnership –	i) Funded the brick making project at Masilo to the value of R3 million
Masilonyana, Harmony,	ii) Extension of classrooms in Masilo (Reseamohetse), Wynandsfontein
Goldfields and Star Diamonds	(Theunissen) and Sasconia (Brandfort)
	iii) Fencing of cemeteries in all Masilonyana Units
Lejweleputswa District	i) Fencing of cemeteries in all Masilonyana Units
Municipality / Harmony,	ii) Upgrading / Paving of gravel roads leading to Phahameng cemetery
Goldfields and Star Diamonds	(Masilo) and Theunissen cemetery (Theunissen)
Department of Water Affairs	i) Masilonyana – Feasibility study = R650,000
	ii) Blue & Green drop interventions
Department of Agriculture	i) Provision of R480,000 for Storeroom, Handling facility, Water Reticulation
	& Fence at Theunissen (Maphira Trust- Beef and Pig Production)
	ii) Provision of R560,000 for Storeroom, Handling facility, Water Reticulation
	& Fence at Theunissen (Mothe Trust- Beef Production)
	iii) Provision of R350,000 for Handling facility for beef cattle at
	Theunissen(Monare- Beef Cattle)
	iv) Dijane Trust – Land care and establishment of pastures
	v) Glen Upgrading – Office infrastructure
	vi) Brandfort – Fish Project = R750,000
FS – Treasury	Operation clean audit



The municipality provides services to 4,580 registered indigents, and we are currently in process of an expanded registration drive to ensure services to those in need. The following table provides an overview of services rendered to households and planned additions.

Service	Exclusions	Households		Target 2011/12
Electricity	Farms & Townships	6 207	500	Household Connections
Water	Farms	14 438	2 000	Installations of Site Taps
Refuse	Farms	14 438	2 500	Extend to all Households
Sanitation	Farms	14 438	2 500	Connections to Waterborne Sewer
				Re-grading, Re-gravelling and Surfacing
Roads			20km	of Roads and Patching of Potholes



Financial Management Capacity Constraints:-

- The municipality had been placed under administration, and are experiencing severe financial and staff constraints.
- The municipality had been victim to a number of unprotected industrial actions over the past three months, which adversely affected financial viability and collection rates.
- Industrial action resulted in non participation during compilation of 2010/11 AFS
- There are 34 critical positions that need to be filled that will inform:
 - Establishment of the supply chain management unit;
 - Customer care / debt collection unit;
 - Asset management;
 - Functional Budget and Treasury Office.
- For the past 15 months the Municipality was dependent on financial management support from an external service provider to manage key activities such as the budget process, revenue section as well as compilation of financial statements for 2009/10 and 2010/11. This support is planned to end in December 2011. No internal capacity.



Roads Capacity Constraints:-

- The road networking in the municipality is well developed but the road conditions are deteriorating at a rapid rate, as very little maintenance is taking place.
- Due to financial constraints, only R800,000 has been budgeted for the maintenance of roads.

Water and Sanitation Capacity Constraints:-

- The provision of sanitation services in the municipality fall well below RDP standards, as far as the urban areas are concerned, 50% of residential stands are without waterborne sanitation facilities and services.
- The water network (pipes) are in dire need of replacement, requiring constant maintenance and adding to water losses in excess of 40%.



Refuse Removal Capacity Constraints:-

- Most towns in the municipality are experiencing difficulties in the management of their waste disposal sites and struggle to meet the requirements for such sites as set out by the Department of Water Affairs (DWA).
- There is a requirement for a wide strategy and framework for effective waste disposal including the possibility of additional dumping sites and the disposal of toxic waste. No internal funding capacity to undertake such projects



6. Alignment of IDP to Provincial Growth and Development Strategy

Masilonyana Local Municipality	Free State GDS	Government Policy Priorities
Identification and implementation of catalytic and strategic LED projects (including mining and biofuel) – leveraging resources for resourcing and implementing LED projects.	Economic Development and Employment Creation	Supporting meaningful local economic development (LED) initiatives that foster micro and small business opportunities and job creation.
Fast-tracking services delivery, ensuring adequate maintenance of service delivery infrastructure and utilities and ensuring effective provision of municipal services.	Social and Human Development	Ensuring delivery of effective services; Ensuring that drinking water and waste water meet the required quality standards all the time; Securing the health of municipal asset base (especially the municipality's revenue generating assets) by increasing spending on repairs and maintenance; Expediting spending on capital projects that are funded by conditional grants.



6. Alignment of IDP to Provincial Growth and Development Strategy

Masilonyana Local Municipality	Free State GDS	Government Policy Priorities
Effective provision of social services	Social and Human	Protecting the poor from the worst
 libraries, Youth Development 	Development	impacts of the economic downturn.
Centres, social amenities.		
Stabilising the municipal	Efficient	Ensuring adherence to Supply Chain
administration – finalising placement	Administration and	Management Policy and fight
and filling of critical vacancies and	Good Governance	corruption;
implementation of		Evolve performance culture where
organisational performance		people are held accountable for their
management system; hold regular		actions, accompanied by clear,
management meetings;		measurable outcomes related to key
Evolving a sound and prudent		development priorities'.
financial management – cash flow		
management, clean audit,		
enhancing the credibility and		
transparency of Supply Chain		
Management; Implement revenue		
enhancement strategy –		
implementation of credit control		
measures.		